Preliminary experiments on compatibility of SiC_f/SiC composites and SiO₂ in static liquid LiPb at 800°C

<u>X. Ling^{1,2}</u>, Q. Huang^{1,2}, S. Gao², Z. Zhu², Y. Chen², Y. Song², S. Zhao³, Y. Wu^{1,2},

FDS Team^{1,2}

1 School of Nuclear Science and Technology, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, Anhui, 230027, China

2 Institute of Plasma Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Hefei, Anhui, 230031, China

3 College of Aerospace Materials Engineering, National University of Defence Technology, Changsha, Hu'nan, 410073, China

The lithium-lead blanket design is one of the most promising choices for fusion reactor blankets [1]. The liquid metal LiPb is considered as tritium breeder, neutron multiplier and coolant in them. Because of the excellent high-temperature fracture, creep, corrosion and thermal shock resistance, etc. [2] The SiC_f/SiC composites are considered as very promising structural material candidates for fusion reactors and flow channel insert of the lithium-lead blanket design. The compatibility of SiC_f/SiC composites prepared by different processes and SiO₂ in static liquid LiPb at 800°C for 1000 hours was presented in this paper. The experiments were conducted in a capsule named DRAGON-ST which was designed and constructed by FDS Team of Institute of Plasma Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences. The specimens were placed in different Mo crucibles, all the crucibles were full of liquid LiPb and welded in a stainless steel capsule. The experiments were performed under high-purity argon atmosphere (>99.999%). Two kinds of SiC_f/SiC composites were exposed to the experiment. One was prepared by the reaction-sintered (RS) process while the other coated with mullite by plasma spraying (PS) process. Weight changes were measured. And surface appearances and composition of the specimens were examined by Scanning Electron Microscope and Energy Dispersive Analysis of X-ray before and after the experiments. The results showed that the SiC_f/SiC composites had good compatibility with static liquid LiPb at 800 °C during 1000 hours corrosion. But SiO₂ suffered serious corrosion. Further study for longer experiment time needs to be carried out to evaluate the compatibility of SiC_f/SiC composites with LiPb completely.

Topic: Materials Technology

Corresponding Author: X. Ling

xzling@mail.ustc.edu.cn School of Nuclear Science and Technology, University of Science and Technology of China Hefei, Anhui, 230027, China Tel: +86 551 559 2123 Fax: +86 551 559 2123

Reference:

[1] Y. Wu, Design status and development strategy of China liquid lithium-lead blankets and related material technology, J. Nucl. Mater, 367 (2007) 1410–1415.

[2] R.H. Jones et. al., Promise and challenges of SiC_f/SiC composites for fusion energy applications, Journal of Nuclear Materials, 307-311 (2002) 1057-1072.